## National CineMedia, Inc.

Reconciliation of Operating Income to Adjusted OIBDA, Adjusted OIBDA Margin and Free Cash Flow

(dollars in millions)

(unaudited)

Adjusted Operating Income Before Depreciation and Amortization ("Adjusted OIBDA") and Adjusted OIBDA margin are not financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP in the United States. Adjusted OIBDA represents operating income before depreciation and amortization expense adjusted to also exclude amortization of intangibles recorded for network theater screen leases, non-cash share based compensation costs and Chief Executive Officer transition costs. Adjusted OIBDA margin is calculated by dividing Adjusted OIBDA by total revenue. Free Cash Plow represents Adjusted OIBDA, described above, plus integration powerpanes, less captured performance, because they leiminate items that have less bearing on its operating performance because they eliminate items that have less bearing on its operating performance neasures is relevant and useful for investors because it enables them to view performance neamon amonte similar to the method used by the Company's management, helps improve their ability to understand the Company's operating performance have a manner similar to the method used by the Company's management, helps improve their ability to understand the Company's operating performance have a manner similar to the method used by the Company's insulation of the company's performance performance and makes it easier to compare the Company's results with other companies that may have different depreciation and amortization policies, amortization of intangibles recorded for network theater screen leases, non-eash share based compensation programs, CEO turnover, interest rates, debt levels or income tax rates. A limitation of these measures, however, is that they exclude depreciation and amortization, which represent a proxy for the periodic costs of certain capitalized tangible and intangible assets used in generating revenues in the Company's business; and the company is former Chief Executive Officer. Adjusted OIBDA has largely an adjusted officer. In addition, Adjusted OIBDA has the initiation of not reflecting

	F	Y 2017	Q	1 2018	Q2	2018	Q3 2	018	Q4 2018		FY 2018	Q1 2	019	Q2 2	019	Q3	2019	Q4	2019	FY	2019	Q1	2020	Q2	2020	Q3 2	020	Q4 2020	F	Y 2020	Q1 2	2021	Q2 2	2021
Operating income	\$	153.9	\$	11.0	\$	40.2	\$	42.3	\$ 60.8	\$	154.3	\$	10.9	\$	37.7	\$	40.0	\$	72.7	\$	161.3	\$	4.9	\$	(23.8)	\$ (	(21.3)	\$ (20.8)	\$	(61.0)	\$	(28.3)	\$ /	(29.6)
Depreciation expense		11.0		2.8		3.1		3.1	3.6	,	12.6		3.3		3.3		3.4		3.6		13.6		3.2		3.2		3.1	3.6		13.1		3.3		2.6
Amortization expense (1)		26.6		6.7		6.9		6.9	6.8	;	27.3		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	_		_		_		_
Amortization of intangibles recorded for network theater screen leases (1)		_		_		_		_	_	-	_		6.9		7.0		6.8		6.0		26.7		6.1		6.1		6.2	6.2		24.6		6.1		6.2
Share-based compensation costs (2)		11.2		2.8		2.1		1.3	1.6	,	7.8		0.8		2.1		1.4		1.2		5.5		0.2		0.1		0.8	1.1		2.2		2.7		2.1
CEO transition costs		0.6		_		_		_	3.4	ļ	3.4		0.2		0.1		0.1		_		0.4		_		_		_	_		_		_		_
Impairment of long-lived assets (3)		_		_		_		_	_	-	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		1.7		_	_		1.7		_		_
Early lease termination expense		1.8						_															_				_							
Adjusted OIBDA	\$	205.1	\$	23.3	\$	52.3	\$	53.6	\$ 76.2	\$	205.4	\$	22.1	\$	50.2	\$	51.7	\$	83.5	\$	207.5	\$	14.4	\$	(12.7)	\$ (	(11.2)	\$ (9.9)	\$	(19.4)	\$	(16.2)	\$ /	(18.7)
Integration and encumbered theater payments		12.9									22.7										21.7									1.4				
Capital expenditures		(12.3)									(15.4)										(15.3)									(11.2)				
Free cash flow	\$	205.7								\$	212.7									\$	213.9								\$	(29.2)				
Total revenue	\$	444.8	\$	80.2	\$	113.7	\$	10.1	\$ 137.4	\$	441.4	\$	76.9	\$ 1	10.2	\$	110.5	\$	147.2	\$	444.8	\$	64.7	\$	4.0	\$	6.0	\$ 15.7	\$	90.4	\$	5.4	\$	14.0
Adjusted OIBDA margin		46.1%		29.1%		46.0%	4	18.7%	55.59	6	46.5%	2	28.8%	4	15.6%		46.8%		56.7%		46.7%		22.3%	-	317.5%	-18	86.7%	-63.1%		-21.5%	-30	00.0%	-13	33.6%

(1) Following the adoption of ASC 842, as discussed in our current report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 6, 2019 for the quarter ended March 28, 2019, amortization of the ESA and affiliate intangible balances is considered a form of lease expense and has been reclassified to this account as of the adoption date, December 28, 2018. The Company adopted ASC 842 prospectively and thus, prior period balances remain within amortization expense.

(2) Share-based compensation costs are included in network operations, selling and marketing and administrative expense in the financial statements.

(3) The impairments of long-lived assets primarily relate to the write off of certain internally developed software.