

National CineMedia, Inc.

Reconciliation of Operating Income to Adjusted OIBDA, Adjusted OIBDA Margin and Unlevered Free Cash Flow

(dollars in millions, unaudited)

Adjusted Operating Income Before Depreciation and Amortization ("Adjusted OIBDA"), Adjusted OIBDA margin, and unlevered free cash flow are not financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP in the United States. Adjusted OIBDA represents operating income (loss) before depreciation expense adjusted to also exclude amortization of intangibles recorded for network theater screen leases and non-cash share-based compensation costs, impairment of long-lived assets, termination of the Regal ESA, advisor fees related to the Cineworld proceeding and Chapter 11 Case and certain sales force reorganization costs. Adjusted OIBDA margin is calculated by dividing Adjusted OIBDA by total revenue. Our management uses these non-GAAP financial measures to evaluate operating performance, to forecast future results and as a basis for compensation. Unlevered free cash flow represents net cash provided by or used in operating activities reduced by purchases of property and equipment, adjusted to exclude cash interest expense. The Company believes these are important supplemental measures of operating performance because they eliminate items that have less bearing on its operating performance and so highlight trends in its core business that may not otherwise be apparent when relying solely on GAAP financial measures. The Company believes the presentation of these measures is relevant and useful for investors because it enables them to view performance in a manner similar to the method used by the Company's management, helps improve their ability to understand the Company's operating performance and makes it easier to compare the Company's results with other companies that may have different depreciation policies, amortization of intangibles recorded for network theater screen leases, non-cash share based compensation programs, non-recurring sales force reorganization costs, non-recurring advisor fees, non-recurring contract termination expenses, impairments of long-lived assets, interest rates, debt levels or income tax rates. A limitation of these measures, however, is that they exclude depreciation and amortization of intangibles recorded for network theater screen leases, which represent a proxy for the periodic costs of certain capitalized tangible and intangible assets used in generating revenues in the Company's business. In addition, Adjusted OIBDA has the limitation of not reflecting the effect of the Company's share-based payment costs, impairments of long-lived assets, termination of the Regal ESA and advisor fees related to the Cineworld proceeding or Chapter 11 Case. Adjusted OIBDA should not be regarded as an alternative to operating income, net income or as an indicator of operating performance, nor should it be considered in isolation of, or as a substitute for financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. The Company believes that operating income (loss) is the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure to Adjusted OIBDA. Because not all companies use identical calculations, these non-GAAP presentations may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies, or calculations in the Company's debt agreement.

	FY 2018	Q1 2019	Q2 2019	Q3 2019	Q4 2019	FY 2019	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	FY 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	FY 2021	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	FY 2022
Operating income	\$ 154.3	\$ 10.9	\$ 37.7	\$ 40.0	\$ 72.7	\$ 161.3	\$ 4.9	\$ (23.8)	\$ (21.3)	\$ (20.8)	\$ (61.0)	\$ (28.3)	\$ (29.6)	\$ (18.7)	\$ 8.0	\$ (68.6)	\$ (22.5)	\$ 3.6	\$ (4.2)	\$ 28.0	\$ 6.9
Depreciation expense	12.6	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.6	13.6	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.6	13.1	3.3	2.6	2.5	2.5	10.9	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.4	6.5
Amortization expense	27.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Amortization of intangibles recorded for network theater screen leases	—	6.9	7.0	6.8	6.0	26.7	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.2	24.6	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.2	24.7	6.1	6.3	6.3	6.4	25.0
Share-based compensation costs (1)	7.8	0.8	2.1	1.4	1.2	5.5	0.2	0.1	0.8	1.1	2.2	2.7	2.1	1.7	1.6	8.1	1.4	1.7	2.1	2.0	7.1
Executive transition costs	3.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	—	0.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.1	—	0.1	—	—	—	—	—
Impairment of long-lived assets	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.7	—	—	1.7	—	—	—	—	—	5.8	—	—	—	5.8
Workforce reorganization costs (2)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4
Legal fees related to abandoned financing transactions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.1	0.1	—	—	—	—	0.5
Loss on termination of Regal ESA, net	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fees and expenses related to the Cineworld Proceeding and Chapter 11 Case (6)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	3.8	5.1
Adjusted OIBDA	\$ 205.4	\$ 22.1	\$ 50.2	\$ 51.7	\$ 83.5	\$ 207.5	\$ 14.4	\$ (12.7)	\$ (11.2)	\$ (9.9)	\$ (19.4)	\$ (16.2)	\$ (18.7)	\$ (8.2)	\$ 18.4	\$ (24.7)	(6.8)	15.1	7.0	42.1	\$ 57.3
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 150.3	—	—	—	—	\$ 143.6	—	—	—	—	\$ (55.3)	—	—	—	—	\$ (95.2)	—	—	—	—	\$ (47.3)
Purchases of property and equipment	(14.2)	—	—	—	—	(14.0)	—	—	—	—	(8.0)	—	—	—	—	(5.7)	—	—	—	—	(2.9)
Cash interest expense	54.1	—	—	—	—	54.3	—	—	—	—	54.6	—	—	—	—	58.6	—	—	—	—	66.5
Unlevered free cash flow	\$ 395.6	—	—	—	—	\$ 183.9	—	—	—	—	\$ (8.7)	—	—	—	—	\$ (42.3)	—	—	—	—	\$ 16.3
Total revenue	\$ 441.4	\$ 76.9	\$ 110.2	\$ 110.5	\$ 147.2	\$ 444.8	\$ 64.7	\$ 4.0	\$ 6.0	\$ 15.7	\$ 90.4	\$ 5.4	\$ 14.0	\$ 31.7	\$ 63.5	\$ 114.6	\$ 35.9	\$ 67.1	\$ 54.5	\$ 91.7	\$ 249.2
Adjusted OIBDA margin	46.5%	28.8%	45.6%	46.8%	56.7%	46.7%	22.3%	-317.5%	-186.7%	-63.1%	-21.5%	-300.0%	-133.6%	-25.9%	29.0%	-21.6%	-18.9%	22.5%	12.8%	45.9%	23.0%

	Q1 2023*	Q2 2023*	Q3 2023*	Q4 2023*	FY 2023*	Q1 2024	Q2 2024*	Q3 2024*	Q4 2024*	FY 2024*
Operating loss	\$ (30.6)	\$ (2.2)	\$ (150.7)	\$ 21.3	\$ (180.9)	\$ (22.8)	\$ (9.2)	\$ (7.5)	\$ 20.0	\$ (19.5)
Depreciation expense	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.0	4.6	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	4.6
Amortization expense	6.2	6.2	7.8	9.6	29.8	9.5	9.4	9.4	9.5	37.8
Share-based compensation costs (1)	1.6	1.2	1.2	1.5	5.5	2.6	3.5	3.1	3.0	12.2
Impairment of long-lived assets	—	—	9.6	(0.7)	8.9	—	—	—	—	—
Loss on termination of Regal ESA, net	—	—	125.6	—	125.6	—	—	—	—	—
Workforce reorganization costs (2)	—	—	—	—	—	1.5	1.3	0.1	—	2.9
Loss on termination of Regal ESA, net (3)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Satellite transition costs (4)	—	—	—	—	—	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.8	—
System optimization costs (5)	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4
Fees and expenses related to the Cineworld Proceeding and Chapter 11 Case (6)	10.6	6.0	16.8	7.1	59.2	2.4	1.1	2.0	1.0	6.5
Adjusted OIBDA	\$ (10.9)	\$ 12.5	\$ 11.3	\$ 39.8	\$ 52.7	\$ (5.7)	\$ 7.6	\$ 8.8	\$ 35.0	\$ 45.7
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	—	—	—	—	\$ (44.8)	—	—	—	—	\$ 60.3
Purchases of property and equipment	—	—	—	—	(4.0)	—	—	—	—	(5.8)
Cash interest expense	—	—	—	—	12.5	—	—	—	—	0.9
Unlevered free cash flow	—	—	—	—	\$ (36.3)	—	—	—	—	\$ 55.4
Total revenue	\$ 34.9	\$ 64.4	\$ 69.6	\$ 90.9	\$ 259.8	\$ 37.4	\$ 54.7	\$ 62.4	\$ 86.3	\$ 240.8
Adjusted OIBDA margin	-31.2%	19.4%	16.2%	40.6%	20.3%	-15.2%	13.9%	14.1%	40.6%	19.0%

* With respect to operating data, all activity during NCM LLC's financial restructuring from April 11, 2023, to August 7, 2023, when NCM LLC was deconsolidated from NCM, Inc., represents activity and balances for NCM, Inc. standalone. All activity and balances prior to the deconsolidation of NCM LLC on April 11, 2023, and after the reconsolidation of NCM LLC on August 7, 2023, represent NCM, Inc. consolidated, inclusive of NCM LLC. The operating results for NCM LLC, which management believes better represent the Company's historical consolidated performance, are presented within this reconciliation.

(1) Share-based compensation costs are included in network operations, selling and marketing and administrative expense in NCM LLC's unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

(2) Workforce reorganization costs represent redundancy costs associated with changes to the Company's workforce primarily implemented during 2024, as well as related office relocations.

(3) The net impact of Regal's termination of the ESA resulting from the disposal of the intangible asset partially offset by the surrender of Regal's ownership in the Company and the forgiveness of prepetition claims.

(4) One-time costs of transmitting satellite providers during 2024.

(5) System optimization costs represent costs incurred related to a one-time assessment of the technology surrounding the Company's programmatic offerings beginning in the third quarter of 2024.

(6) Advisor and legal fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Company's involvement in the Cineworld Proceeding and Chapter 11 Case and related appeals, as well as insurance and retention related expenses.